#### WORKING TOGETHER TO GET IT RIGHT

How State, Local Communities and Universities Work Together To Implement Evidenced Based Practices and Reduce Recidivism of Juvenile Offenders



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# STATE OF OHIO BEHAVIORAL HEALTH JUVENILE JUSTICE INITIATIVE

### • Brief history:

- 1998 Juvenile Judges concerned about limited options for kids with serious mental health disorders
- 1998 Departments of Youth Services and Ohio Department of Mental Health created a joint committee to explore alternatives
- 2004 Ohio Department of Youth Services Response

### OHIO DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH

SERVICES GOALS



- Create a system more equipped to provide youth with treatment and education needs while also promoting public safety.
- Youth in the Department of Youth Services facilities be provided youth individual care, treatment, and rehabilitative services in the least restrictive setting consistent with youth's needs.
- Long term goal included of closing large institutional facilities and creating a system of smaller community based rehabilitative programs.

See more at:

http://www.childrenslawky.org/s-h-v-stickrath-case-no-204-cv-1206-s-d-ohio/#sthash.aaO0VDfX.dpuf

### OHIO DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH SERVICES MISSION STATEMENTS

FISCAL YEAR 2002

FISCAL YEAR 2013

### **DYS** Mission

The mission of the Ohio Department of Youth Services is to protect the public by reducing juvenile crime.

#### **Our Mission**

Improve Ohio's future by habilitating youth and empowering families and communities

#### **Our Vision**

A safer Ohio: one youth, one family and one community at a time

Source: Ohio Department of Youth Services Annual Reports

# STATE OF OHIO BEHAVIORAL HEALTH JUVENILE JUSTICE INITIATIVE - 2005 - Ohio Behavioral Health Juvenile Justice

 2005 – Ohio Behavioral Health Juvenile Justice Initiative was Implemented



**GOAL** 



To Divert Youth From Local and State Detention Centers into More Comprehensive, Community-Based Mental and Behavioral Health Treatment.

## Montgomery County Juvenile Court Dayton, Ohio

 Ohio's Behavioral Health Juvenile Justice Initiative (BHJJ)

-Began in 2005 with 6 Counties -Required the introduction of Evidenced Based Practices -Funding through: Ohio Dept. of Mental Health Ohio Dept. of Youth Services \*

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### **LIFE Program Learning Independence and Family Empowerment Local Partnership**

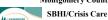
South Community, Inc.



Communit Montgomery County Juvenile Court and

**Reclaiming Futures** 

ADAMHS Board of







### **LIFE Program Learning Independence and Family Empowerment**













### Multiple Pathways to South Community Inc. – Function Family

- Therapy
   Ohio Department of Youth Services
  - Parole
- Nicholas Residential Treatment Center
  - 24 bed facility for boys 12-18
  - Open Setting
- Juvenile Cognitive Alternative Rehabilitation
  - 18 bed program for boys housed within the Detention Center
  - 90 Day Stay
  - Aggression Replacement Training (ART)

### Multiple Pathways to South Community Inc. - Function Family

### • The Center for Adolescent Services

- Community Correctional Facility
- 44 bed facility, 34 for boys, 10 for girls
- MCJC Probation
  - 950 youth on Probation
  - 4 Dedicated Probation Officers
- MCJC Intervention Center (Diversion)
  - 24/7 Reception and Assessment Center
  - 2,900 cases diverted annually
  - Disproportionate Minority Contact Mediation

### Montgomery County Juvenile Court Dayton, Ohio

- Learning Independence and Family Empowerment LIFE Program
- Functional Family Therapy (FFT)





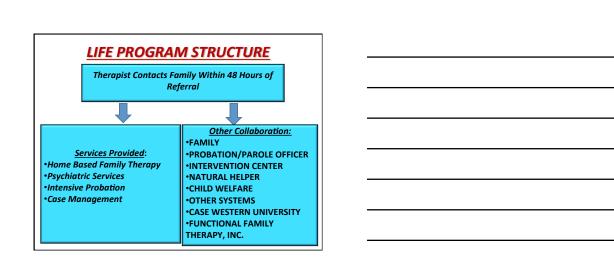
### Montgomery County Juvenile Court Dayton, Ohio

- Keys to Success
  - Early Involvement
    - Make a connection on day one
  - Opening our facilities and providing space
    - Become true partners with providers
  - Constant Collaboration
    - Line Staff
    - · Administrative staff











### CONTINGENCY MANAGEMENT MODEL





### **SUSTAINABILITY**

### **Key Concepts**

- > LONG RANGE SUSTAINABILITY PLAN WRITTEN
- > GOOD LEADERSHIP
- > ADDRESSING TURNOVER
- > RUN IT LIKE A BUSINESS
- > CREATING CHEERLEADERS



### **SUSTAINABILITY**

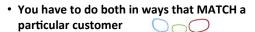
### **Key Concepts**

- > INTERAGENCY COLLABORATION
- > INCLUDE YOUTH AND FAMILIES
- > REDIRECTION OF RESOURCES
- > DIRECT CONTRIBUTIONS BY EACH AGENCY
- > REINVESTMENT STRATEGY
- > INSURANCE
- > IMPORTANCE OF DATA

### **Marketing**

### Selling

- Service
- Results





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- Evaluation covers all youth enrolled/terminated between Jan 2006 – June 2013
- Evaluation and research activities conducted by Case Western Reserve University

### **Demographics**

2545 youth enrolled since 2006. 1040 from Montgomery County.

	Total	Since July 1, 2011
Gender		
Male	58.4% (n = 1,478)	67.4% (n = 464)
Female	41.6% (n = 1,054)	32.6% (n = 224)
Race		
White	52.3% (n = 1,316)	42.9% (n = 295)
Nonwhite	47.7% (n = 1,201)	57.1% (n = 393)
Average Age	15.6 years	15.5 years

Nearly 25% of BHJJ families report an average household income less than \$10,000 and 48% report an average household income less than \$20,000.

•	ory	
Question	Females	Males
Has the child ever been physically abused?	20.5% (n=194)**	15.3% (n=208)
Has the child ever been sexually abused?	28.1% (n=262)***	7.1% (n=95)
Has the child ever run away?	59.4% (n=558)***	43.9% (n=584)
Has the child ever had a problem with substance abuse, including alcohol and/or drugs?	43.9% (n=411)	50.3% (n=674)**
Has the child ever talked about committing suicide?	49.6% (n=468)***	31.3% (n=425)
Has the child ever attempted suicide?	22.2% (n=207)***	9.6% (n=129)
Has the child ever been exposed to domestic violence or spousal abuse, of which the child was not the direct target?	43.8% (n=414)*	39.4% (n=536)
Has anyone in the child's biological family ever been diagnosed with depression or shown signs of depression?	68.2% (n=626)***	60.3% (n=793)
Has anyone in the child's biological family had a mental illness, other than depression?	47.8% (n=440)***	39.7% (n=511)
Has the child ever lived in a household in which someone was convicted of a crime?	40.6% (n=372)	40.9% (n=540)
Has anyone in the child's biological family had a drinking or drug problem?	63.9% (n=590)*	59.2% (n=787)

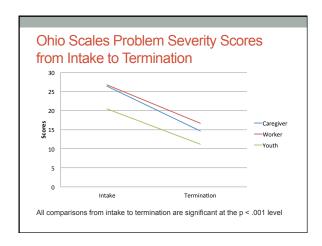
### Most Common Axis I Diagnoses

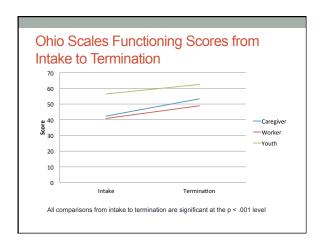
	Females	Males
Oppositional Defiant Disorder	41.3%	38.9%
Cannabis-related Disorders***	27.5%	35.3%
Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder***	26.5%	42.5%
Depressive Disorders***	23.0%	12.5%
Alcohol-related Disorders**	13.3%	9.9%
Bipolar Disorder*	10.3%	7.5%
Conduct Disorder***	9.7%	21.2%
Post-traumatic Stress Disorder***	9.4%	5.3%
Adjustment Disorder*	7.2%	5.1%
Mood Disorder	11.1%	9.1%
Disruptive Behavior Disorder	6.6%	7.8%

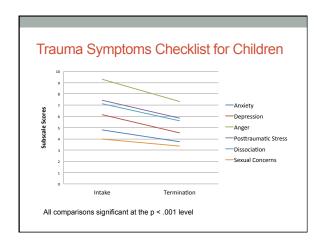
Total 5,628 Axis I diagnoses for 2,426 youth (2.31 diagnoses per youth)

## Academic Performance for Youth by Completion Status

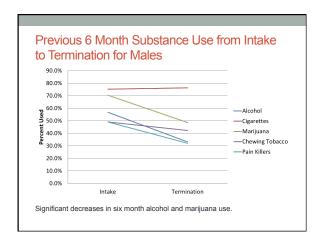
	Unsuccessful Completers		Successful Completers	
Typical	Frequency at	Frequency at	Frequency at	Frequency at
Grades	Intake	Termination	Intake	Termination
Mostly A's	12.4%	9.0%	14.6%	20.5%
and B's	(n = 36)	(n = 28)	(n = 99)	(n = 145)
Mostly B's	23.7%	23.4%	24.1%	36.6%
and C's	(n = 69)	(n = 73)	(n = 164)	(n = 259)
Mostly C's	26.8%	37.5%	28.7%	29.1%
and D's	(n = 78)	(n = 117)	(n = 195)	(n = 206)
Mostly D's	37.1%	30.1%	32.6%	13.8%
and F's	(n = 108)	(n = 94)	(n = 222)	(n = 98)

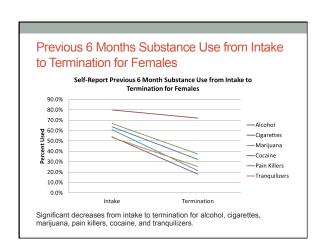






	Ma	les	Females	
	% Ever Used	Age of First Use	% Ever Used	Age of First Use
Alcohol	63.5% (n = 855)	13.14 (SD = 2.23)	63.2% (n = 583)	13.26 (SD = 1.90)
Cigarettes	59.1% (n = 796)	12.42 (SD = 2.56)	60.7% (n = 565)	12.50 (SD = 2.33)
Chewing Tobacco	17.0% (n = 226)***	13.70 (SD = 2.19)	5.7% (n = 53)	13.90 (SD = 2.18)
Marijuana	69.0% (n = 930)***	13.04 (SD = 2.05)	61.9% (n = 573)	13.27 (SD = 1.76)
Cocaine	5.6% (n = 75)	14.57 (SD = 1.48)	10.2% (n = 94)***	14.55 (SD = 1.73)
Pain Killers	14.6% (n = 197)	14.07 (SD = 1.70)	16.7% (n = 154)	14.26 (SD = 1.50)
Ritalin	7.8% (n = 104)	13.21 (SD = 2.83)	9.1% (n = 84)	14.06 (SD = 1.72)
Non-prescription Drugs	7.0% (n = 93)	14.37 (SD = 1.42)	8.6% (n = 79)	14.04 (SD = 1.83)
Hallucinogens	6.5% (n = 87)	14.45 (SD = 1.39)	6.1% (n = 56)	14.44 (SD = 1.58)
Ecstasy	6.0% (n = 81)	14.65 (SD = 1.33)	8.6% (n = 79)°	14.52 (SD = 1.35)
Tranquilizers	9.2% (n = 124)	14.26 (SD = 1.68)	10.2% (n = 94)	14.52 (SD = 1.47)

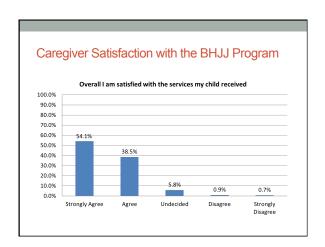


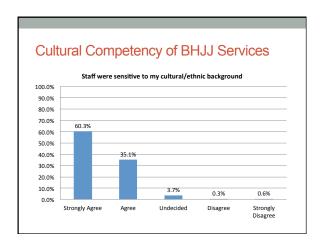


Termination Reason	All Youth	Youth Enrolled from July 2011 to June 2013
Successfully Completed Treatment Services	65.1% (n = 1,315)	71.9% (n = 323)
Client Did Not Return/ Rejected Services	6.2% (n = 125)	2.9% (n = 13)
Out of Home Placement	7.3% (n = 148)	8.0% (n = 36)
Client/Family Moved	3.0% (n = 60)	2.4% (n = 11)
Client Withdrawn	6.9% (n = 139)	5.6% (n = 25)
Client AWOL	2.9% (n = 58)	3.6% (n = 16)
Client Incarcerated	3.2% (n = 65)	3.6% (n = 16)
Other	5.4% (n = 109)	2.0% (n = 9)

### **Termination Information**

- Since July 1, 2011, the average length of stay was 163 days (131 for Montgomery)
  - 174 for successful youth, 135 for unsuccessful youth
- $^{\circ}$  At Intake, 47.9% (n = 974) were at risk for out of home placement
  - At Termination, 24.0% (n = 468) were at risk for out of home placement
  - 7.3% (n = 93) of successful treatment completers
  - 56.7% (n = 370) of unsuccessful treatment completers





Rec	idivism	Post E	nrollme	ent	
Successf	ul Treatment Co	mnletere			
Ouccessi	# of Youth with	Total	# of Youth with	Total Felonies	# of Youth Known
	Misdemeanors	Misdemeanors	Felonies		Adjudicated
					Delinguent
months	16.8%	315	3.9%	69	14.7%
	(n = 197)		(n = 46)		(n = 174)
	26.7%	514	6.2%	109	23.2%
n = 1,114)	(n = 298)		(n = 69)		(n = 259)
	42.5%	836	12.3%	187	36.4%
	(n = 383)		(n = 111)		(n = 328)
	53.4%	884	17.9%	231	45.9%
n = 652)	(n = 348)		(n = 117)		(n = 299)
Unsucces	sful Treatment C	completers			
	# of Youth with	Total	# of Youth with	Total Felonies	# of Youth Known
					Adjudicated
					Delinquent
months	25.8%	248	9.6%	77	23.1%
	(n = 153)		(n = 57)		(n = 137)
	40.0%	456	18.7%	149	36.6%
	(n = 224)		(n = 105)		(n = 205)
	55.3%	719	27.0%	192	52.1%
	(n = 260)		(n = 127)		(n = 245)
8 months	63.2%	758	33.7%	218	59.3%
	(n = 227)		(n = 121)		(n = 213)

### Felonies after BHJJ

- Of all the youth charged with a felony in the 12 months prior to intake, 26% were charged with a new felony in the 12 months after their termination (22.5% for Montgomery County)
  - $\!-\!23.3\%$  of felony level youth who completed treatment successfully were charged with a new felony
  - 31.8% of felony level youth who completed treatment unsuccessfully were charged with a new felony

### ODYS Admissions for Youth Enrolled in BHJJ

BHJJ County	Number of Youth in Recidivism Analysis	Youth Committed to ODYS after BHJJ Enrollment
Cuyahoga	269	7 (2.6%)
Franklin	344	22 (6.4%)
Montgomery	897	23 (2.6%)
Hamilton	153	2 (1.3%)
Lucas	135	8 (5.9%)
Summit	114	16 (14.0%)
All Other Counties	424	4 (0.9%)
Total	2,336	82 (3.5%)

### **Financial Implications**

- · Direct State contribution to BHJJ
- \$12.6 million since 2006
- Average cost per youth enrolled in BHJJ was \$4954
   Does not include county dollars, Medicaid, etc.
- · Youth in an ODYS institution
- \$466 per diem for FY12
- Average length of stay was 11.8 months
- Estimated cost of housing the average youth was approximately \$167,000



### **Contact Information**

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