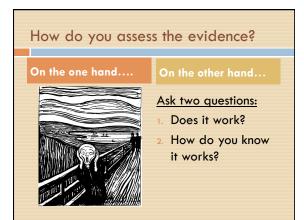
What Works? Comparing the Blueprints List of "Evidence-Based" Prevention Programs, Policies, and Practices with Other Lists

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Nature of Evidence Varies with Questions Asked

- Is the intervention grounded in theory, practical and logical?
- How difficult is it to implement the intervention as designed?
- Does the program have the intended effect on the targeted outcome?
- What is the magnitude of change on the targeted outcome? Is it cost effective?
- Can the IV be replicated with fidelity; can it be integrated into existing service systems with fidelity?
- Is the IV valued sufficiently to be given a high social, economic and political priority for funding?

Components of Blueprints/ Evidence2Success Review

- Intervention Specificity (Screened by Staff)
 Questions 1 & 2
- Evaluation Quality
- Questions 3
- Intervention Impact
 Question 4 & 5
- System Readiness (on Board Recommendation)
 Question 5

Blueprint Quality/Impact Standard for Certification as **Model Program**

- Experimental Design: RCT
- Impact: Statistically significant and substantive positive effects
- Sustainability: Effect sustained for at least 1 year post- intervention
- Replication: At least 1 with RCT/QED
- RCT' s/QED' s adequately address threats to internal validity
- □ No known health-compromising side effects

Blueprint Quality/Impact Standard for Certification as **Promising Program**

- Design: 1 RCT or 2 QEDs
- Impact: Statistically significant and substantive positive effects
- Sustainability: Not required
- Replication: Not required
- RCT' s/QED' s adequately address threats to internal validity
- No iatrogenic effects

Blueprint Review Process

A Systematic Review Method*

- Inclusive search for all studies: reduce potential selection bias
- Explicit eligibility criteria
- Studies screened by these criteria
- Review includes all screened studies
- Quantitative review: pre-established guidelines/rules
- Meta-analysis when appropriate (3+ quality studies)
- Detailed write-up of review and decision *Campbell Collaboration, www.campbellcollaboration.org, Welsh and Farrington, 2006.

Blueprint/Evidence2Success

Behavior and Developmental Outcomes

- □ Behavior -45
 - □ Antisocial Behavior 38
 - Positive Behavior 7
- □ Educational Skills and Attainment 8
- □ Emotional Well-Being 7
- Physical Health 6
- □ Positive Relationships 9

Blueprint Database Fact Sheet

- Program Name and Description
- Developmental/Behavioral Outcomes
- Risk/Protective Factors Targeted
- Contact Information/Program Support
- Target Population
- Program Effectiveness (Effect Size)
- Operating Domain: Individual, Family, School, Community

Blueprint Database Fact Sheet

- Logic/Theory Model
- Program Costs:
 - Unit Cost, Start-up, Implementation, Fidelity Monitoring, Other, Budget Tool
- Cost Benefit/ROI:
 - Net Unit Cost-Benefit, Benefits
- Funding: Overview, Financing Strategies
- Program Materials
- References

Evidence-Based Programs and Practices

- Evidence-Based Programs: Individual "brand name" interventions (explicit theoretical rationale & change model, targeted population, program manuals, training, TA, fidelity checklists) proven effective in a systematic review of their evaluations (ideally with meta-analysis) a e.g., LST, NFP, MST
- Evidence-based Practices: Lipsey, 2009
- General intervention strategies or policies proven effective, on average, in a systematic review of the group of programs using that strategy (meta-analysis)
- e.g., skills building, family interventions, CBT
- 2) Characteristics of programs that differentiate between those with strong vs weak effects in a meta-analysis
 e.g., high risk clients, implementation quality, therapeutic philosophy

Other "What Works" Lists

- the National Registry of Evidence-Based Programs and Practices (NREPP)
- the Office of Justice Programs Crime Solutions
 the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Model Programs Guide (MPG)
- the Best Evidence Encyclopedia (BEE)
- the U.S. Department of Education What Works Clearinghouse (WWC)

Other "What Works" Lists

- The Centers for Disease Control Community Guide
 Broad range of programs and policies affecting physical and mental health, violence, and substance use/abuse
 Goal: identify effective program "types" using meta analyses
- The Coalition for Evidence-based Policy (Top Tier)
 - Broad range of social programs affecting education, employment, and crime
 - Goal: assist Congressional policy makers in decision-making and spending

List	Outcomes	Types of Interventions	Readiness for Dissemination?
Blueprints	Education; Physical and mental health; Antisocial and positive behavior	Programs	Must be ready for replication (imp. tools)
NREPP	Mental health, Substance use	Programs Practices	-Must be ready for replication (imp. tools) -Rates readiness (0 to 4
Crime Solutions	Crime and victimization	Programs Practices	No requirement
BEE	Education	Programs Practices	No requirement
WWC	Education	Programs Practices	No requirement?

Summary of the Lists & Criteria									
		Required Number/ Type of Studies	Sustained Effects?	Programs with Harmful Effects?	Overall Research Design Rigor				
	Blueprints	Model: 2 RCTs or 1 RCT & 1 QED <u>Promising</u> : 1 RCT or 2 QEDs	<u>Model:</u> 1 year <u>Promising</u> : No	Excluded	HIGH				
	NREPP	1 RCT or QED *with comparison group	No	May be included	VARIED (Rated 0 to 4)				
	Crime Solutions	1 RCT or QED *with comparison group	No	Identified as having "no effect"	MEDIUM/HIGH				
	BEE	2 RCTs or QEDs *with comparison group	No	May be included	HIGH				
	wwc	Meets Evidence: 1 RCT Meets w/ Reservations: 1 RCT or QED	No	Identified as "negative" or potentially negative	MEDIUM/HIGH				



National Registry of Evidence-Based Programs and Practices (NREPP): http://www.nrepp.samhsa.gov/Search.aspx

- Outcomes of Interest: Mental health and substance use/abuse
- Types: Programs and Practices
- Rating System: rates `Quality of Research' and `Readiness for dissemination' on 0-4 scaleCriteria Number of required studies: 1 RCT or QED; comparison group and pre/post tests required
- Quality of Research: based on study design and rated on: validity and reliability of measures, appropriate analysis, low attrition and missing data, attention to confounding variables, implementation fidelity
- Readiness to Disseminate: rated on availability of materials, training and technical assistance, and quality assurance tools
- Eollow up period: Not required
- **Strengths:** comprehensive, provides many details on programs, including costs and implementation; rates readiness to disseminate
- Weaknesses: does not recommend or discourage particular programs; difficult to interpret scoring system; not updated with new (or negative) findings

Office of Justice Programs - Crime Solutions.Gov http://www.crimesolutions

- Outcomes of Interest: Crime, delinquency, victimization, corrections, courts, police
- Types: Programs and Practices
- Rating System: Effective, Promising, No Effects
- Criteria
- Number of required studies: 1RCT or QED (with a comparison group)
- <u>Study Design:</u> rated on: sample size, reliable and valid measures, follow-up period, considers confounding variables, good implementation fidelity, size of effects
- Effective Programs have more rigorous study designs than Promising Programs; neither category can show evidence of harm
- Follow up period: Not required
- Strengths: comprehensive (range of outcomes and practices), very specific rating system/ criteria, user-friendly website, updated, identifies ineffective interventions
- Weaknesses: does not consider readiness to disseminate

Best Evidence Encyclopedia (BEE) http://www.bestevidence.org/

- Outcomes of Interest: Educational: reading, math, school reform
- Types: Programs and practices (e.g., school-wide reform)
- Criteria: based on meta-analyses
- Strong Evidence: at least 2 studies, 1 large RCT or QED and one other RCT or QED with total sample size of >500 students and effect size of >0.20
- Moderate Evidence: at least 2 large RCT or QED or multiple smaller studies with a total sample size of >500 students and effect size of >0.20
- Limited Evidence/Modest Effects: same as above with effect size between 0.10 and 0.19
- Follow up Period: Not required; program duration must be >12 weeks
- Strengths: regularly updated
- Weaknesses: limited information about each program, can't search website

U.S. Dept. of Education – What Works Clearinghouse http://ies.ed.gov/ncee/ww

- Outcomes of Interest: Education: academic achievement, school drop out
- Types: Programs and Practices Criteria (based on study design)
- Meets Evidence: 1 RCT with low (<50%) and non-differential attrition and participant equivalence at baseline
- Meets with Reservations: at least one QED (with a comparison group) or less well implemented RCT study that shows participant equivalence at baseline
- Does not Meet Standards: high attrition, groups not equivalent at baseline, measures were not valid or reliable, confounding factors not controlled
- Effectiveness (based on outcomes) rated as: positive, potentially positive, mixed, no discernible effects, potentially negative, or negative
- Follow up period: not required
- Strengths periodically updated, good search tools, provides many details including costs, identifies effects sizes and harmful programs, very specific rating criteria
- Weaknesses no replication or sustained effects required; website not very user friendly; rating system somewhat cumbersome (too detailed) and difficult to understand

Example of Differences Across Lists									
List	Nurse Family Partnership	Big Brothers/ Big Sisters	Project Alert	Lion's Quest Skills for Adolescence	Success for All				
Blueprints	Model	Promising	REMOVED	Not listed	Promising				
NREPP	Outcomes: 3.2-3.5 Readiness: 3.7	Outcomes: 3.0-3.1 Readiness: 3.7	Outcomes: 4.0 Readiness: 3.8	Outcomes: 2.1-3.5 Readiness: 3.5					
Crime Solutions	Effective 🚮	Effective	No Effects 👩	No Effects 💋	Effective 🚮				
BEE					Moderate Evidence				
wwc				Meets Standards (Small Effects)	Depends on the study: Meets Standards and Meets w/ Reservations (Med-Lg. Effects)				

Recommendations & Next Steps

- Know which outcomes you are interested in and consult the appropriate list
- Prioritize adoption of programs meeting the most rigorous standards (e.g., "model" and "effective")
- Next, prioritize "promising" programs that appear on multiple high standards lists
- Use multiple sources to obtain other important information about programs (costs, targeted populations, ease of implementation, etc.)
- Fact check: look for evidence of effectiveness in changing the outcomes you are interested in; don't be fooled by propaganda